



What to do If I Get Injured on the Job

- I have been injured, now what?
 - First, notify your supervisor immediately, even if you don't think you will need medical attention. Your need for medical attention may change in a day or two, so let your supervisor know.
 - Call 24/7 Work Injury Nurse Line
- I really don't need to see a doctor now, what then?
 - That's okay. If you've let your supervisor know and it has been determined that medical attention is not necessary at this time, your supervisor will need to fill out the Supervisor's Report of Incident **RM01**. This serves the purpose of notifying your Department Head, Risk Management, and the Safety Division and allowing your supervisor to think through, with your input, how this could have been prevented and the necessary changes that might be implemented to prevent a similar incident. Your supervisor will offer you the option of filing a formal Workers' Compensation claim using form **DWC1** at this time.
- I really need to see a medical provider, what now?
 - After you talk to your supervisor, there are three forms that need to be filled out. Your supervisor completes the Supervisor's Report of Incident **RM01**, the Workers' Compensation Claim Form **DWC1** and the Employer's Report of Occupational Injury or Illness Form **5020**. You will be asked to sign the **DWC1** and you must be given a copy for your records.
 - Your supervisor must contact Risk Management (Kara McGee 736-2206 or Loretta Arndt 279-3502) in order to provide authorization to the industrial clinic to treat you. If it is after hours or a weekend, send an email or voicemail to Kara or Loretta and proceed directly to one of the clinics.

24/7 Work Injury Nurse Line

(866) 612-2052

Vista Medical Group

2071 Compton Ave.
Corona
(951) 549-0900
M-Sat 8am – 8pm
Sun 8am – 5pm

Arrowhead Orthopedics

4234 Riverwalk Parkway, Suite 200
Riverside
(951) 977-2500
M-F 8am – 5pm
By appointment only

Riverside Community Hospital

4445 Magnolia Ave.
Riverside
(951) 788-3000

- After seeing a medical provider, then what?
 - Depending on what the injury is, the medical provider will determine if you need to be off work, on modified duty, or can return to your job without restrictions. You need to return the status report form the clinic gives you, to your supervisor. It will indicate what you can and cannot do. The clinic will contact either Kara McGee or Loretta Arndt and explain any restrictions. Kara or Loretta will then work with your supervisor to determine if the limitations set by the medical provider can be accommodated.
 - Supervisors: The 5020 and the **DWC1** forms must be sent to Kara or Loretta by the end of the working day. The Supervisor's Report of Incident is forwarded to the Department Head for signature before going to Risk Management.

CITY OF CORONA

INCIDENT REPORT

← CIRCLE ONE

INJURY REPORT

(Section B)

(Section A+B)

Complete this report after Incident, Near Miss, or Employee Injury has occurred whether medical treatment is needed or not.
Mail or Deliver immediately to Risk Management. Forward a copy to your Department Head.

Incident Date

Incident Time

Reported to the Supervisor

Date:

Time:

(Section A)

Did injury occur on-the-job? Yes / No

Was Employee offered DWC 1? Yes / No

Employee Initial if DWC1 form is declined

Name of Employee Injured

Department

Job Title

Was medical treatment sought?

Yes / No

Nature of Injury - Body part affected:

Medical Facility:

(Section B)

Explain **ANY** concern regarding the cause of the incident.

Name of witnesses & contact information:

Describe the incident and **WHERE** it occurred.

INCIDENT INVESTIGATION

What actions, events, or conditions contributed to this incident?

What can be done to prevent this type of incident in the future?

Remember to use the results of this investigation as the subject of a future safety meeting.

SUPERVISOR'S SIGNATURE & PRINT NAME

DEPARTMENT HEAD'S SIGNATURE

DATE OF REPORT

RISK MANAGEMENT SIGNATURE

RM01 - PRINT & MAIL TO RISK MANAGEMENT WITHIN 1 WORKING DAY OF INCIDENT

State of California EMPLOYER'S REPORT OF OCCUPATIONAL INJURY OR ILLNESS		Please complete in triplicate (type if possible) Mail two copies to:		OSHA CASE NO.		
				FATALITY <input type="checkbox"/>		
Any person who makes or causes to be made any knowingly false or fraudulent material statement or material representation for the purpose of obtaining or denying workers compensation benefits or payments is guilty of a felony.		California law requires employers to report within five days of knowledge every occupational injury or illness which results in lost time beyond the date of the incident OR requires medical treatment beyond first aid. If an employee subsequently dies as a result of a previously reported injury or illness, the employer must file within five days of knowledge an amended report indicating death. In addition, every serious injury, illness, or death must be reported immediately by telephone or telegraph to the nearest office of the California Division of Occupational Safety and Health.				
EMPLOYER	1. FIRM NAME		1a. Policy Number		Please do not use this column	
	2. MAILING ADDRESS: (Number, Street, City, Zip)		2a. Phone Number			CASE NUMBER
	3. LOCATION if different from Mailing Address (Number, Street, City and Zip)		3a. Location Code			OWNERSHIP
	4. NATURE OF BUSINESS; e.g.. Painting contractor, wholesale grocer, sawmill, hotel, etc.		5. State unemployment insurance acct.no			
	6. TYPE OF EMPLOYER: Private State County City School District <input type="checkbox"/> Other Gov't, Specify: _____				INDUSTRY	
	7. DATE OF INJURY / ONSET OF ILLNESS (mm/dd/yy)		8. TIME INJURY/ILLNESS OCCURRED _____ AM _____ PM		9. TIME EMPLOYEE BEGAN WORK _____ AM _____ PM	
	10. IF EMPLOYEE DIED, DATE OF DEATH (mm/dd/yy)		11. UNABLE TO WORK FOR AT LEAST ONE FULL DAY AFTER DATE OF INJURY? Yes No		12. DATE LAST WORKED (mm/dd/yy)	
	13. DATE RETURNED TO WORK (mm/dd/yy)		14. IF STILL OFF WORK, CHECK THIS BOX:		15. PAID FULL DAYS WAGES FOR DATE OF INJURY OR LAST DAY WORKED? Yes No	
	16. SALARY BEING CONTINUED? Yes No		17. DATE OF EMPLOYER'S KNOWLEDGE /NOTICE OF INJURY/ILLNESS (mm/dd/yy)		18. DATE EMPLOYEE WAS PROVIDED CLAIM FORM FORM (mm/dd/yy)	
	19. SPECIFIC INJURY/ILLNESS AND PART OF BODY AFFECTED, MEDICAL DIAGNOSIS if available, e.g.. Second degree burns on right arm, tendonitis on left elbow, lead poisoning				SEX	
CURSOR	20. LOCATION WHERE EVENT OR EXPOSURE OCCURRED (Number, Street, City, Zip)		20a. COUNTY		21. ON EMPLOYER'S PREMISES? Yes No	
	22. DEPARTMENT WHERE EVENT OR EXPOSURE OCCURRED, e.g.. Shipping department, machine shop.		23. Other Workers injured or ill in this event? Yes No		DAILY HOURS	
	24. EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS AND CHEMICALS THE EMPLOYEE WAS USING WHEN EVENT OR EXPOSURE OCCURRED, e.g.. Acetylene, welding torch, farm tractor, scaffold				DAYS PER WEEK	
	25. SPECIFIC ACTIVITY THE EMPLOYEE WAS PERFORMING WHEN EVENT OR EXPOSURE OCCURRED, e.g.. Welding seams of metal forms, loading boxes onto truck.				WEEKLY HOURS	
	26. HOW INJURY/ILLNESS OCCURRED. DESCRIBE SEQUENCE OF EVENTS. SPECIFY OBJECT OR EXPOSURE WHICH DIRECTLY PRODUCED THE INJURY/ILLNESS, e.g.. Worker stepped back to inspect work and slipped on scrap material. As he fell, he brushed against fresh weld, and burned right hand. USE SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY				WEEKLY WAGE	
					COUNTY	
					NATURE OF INJURY	
					PART OF BODY	
					SOURCE	
					EVENT	
				SECONDARY SOURCE		
		35. OCCUPATION (Regular job title, NO initials, abbreviations or numbers)				
37. EMPLOYEE USUALLY WORKS _____ hours per day, _____ days per week, _____ total weekly hours		37a. EMPLOYMENT STATUS regular, full-time part-time temporary seasonal		37b. UNDER WHAT CLASS CODE OF YOUR POLICY WHERE WAGES ASSIGNED		
38. GROSS WAGES/SALARY \$ _____ per _____		39. OTHER PAYMENTS NOT REPORTED AS WAGES/SALARY (e.g. tips, meals, overtime, bonuses, etc.)? Yes No		EXTENT OF INJURY		
Completed By (type or print)		Signature & Title		Date (mm/dd/yy)		

Workers' Compensation Claim Form (DWC 1) & Notice of Potential Eligibility

Formulario de Reclamo de Compensación de Trabajadores (DWC 1) y Notificación de Posible Elegibilidad



If you are injured or become ill, either physically or mentally, because of your job, including injuries resulting from a workplace crime, you may be entitled to workers' compensation benefits. Attached is the form for filing a workers' compensation claim with your employer. **You should read all of the information below.** Keep this sheet and all other papers for your records. You may be eligible for some or all of the benefits listed depending on the nature of your claim. If required you will be notified by the claims administrator, who is responsible for handling your claim, about your eligibility for benefits.

To file a claim, complete the "Employee" section of the form, keep one copy and give the rest to your employer. Your employer will then complete the "Employer" section, give you a dated copy, keep one copy and send one to the claims administrator. Benefits can't start until the claims administrator knows of the injury, so complete the form as soon as possible.

Medical Care: Your claims administrator will pay all reasonable and necessary medical care for your work injury or illness. Medical benefits may include treatment by a doctor, hospital services, physical therapy, lab tests, x-rays, and medicines. Your claims administrator will pay the costs directly so you should never see a bill. There is a limit on some medical services.

The Primary Treating Physician (PTP) is the doctor with the overall responsibility for treatment of your injury or illness. Generally your employer selects the PTP you will see for the first 30 days, however, in specified conditions, you may be treated by your predesignated doctor or medical group. If a doctor says you still need treatment after 30 days, you may be able to switch to the doctor of your choice. Different rules apply if your employer is using a Health Care Organization (HCO) or a Medical Provider Network (MPN). A MPN is a selected network of health care providers to provide treatment to workers injured on the job. You should receive information from your employer if you are covered by an HCO or a MPN. Contact your employer for more information. If your employer has not put up a poster describing your rights to workers' compensation, you may choose your own doctor immediately.

Within one working day after you file a claim form, your employer shall authorize the provision of all treatment, consistent with the applicable treating guidelines, for the alleged injury and shall continue to be liable for up to \$10,000 in treatment until the claim is accepted or rejected.

Disclosure of Medical Records: After you make a claim for workers' compensation benefits, your medical records will not have the same level of privacy that you usually expect. If you don't agree to voluntarily release medical records, a workers' compensation judge may decide what records will be released. If you request privacy, the judge may "seal" (keep private) certain medical records.

Payment for Temporary Disability (Lost Wages): If you can't work while you are recovering from a job injury or illness, for most injuries you will receive temporary disability payments for a limited period of time. These payments may change or stop when your doctor says you are able to return to work. These benefits are tax-free. Temporary disability payments are two-thirds of your average weekly pay, within minimums and maximums set by state law. Payments are not made for the first three days you are off the job unless you are hospitalized overnight or cannot work for more than 14 days.

Return to Work: To help you to return to work as soon as possible, you should actively communicate with your treating doctor, claims administrator, and employer about the kinds of work you can do while recovering. They may coordinate efforts to return you to modified duty or other work that is medically appropriate. This modified or other duty may

Si Ud. se lesiona o se enferma, ya sea físicamente o mentalmente, debido a su trabajo, incluyendo lesiones que resulten de un crimen en el lugar de trabajo, es posible que Ud. tenga derecho a beneficios de compensación de trabajadores. Se adjunta el formulario para presentar un reclamo de compensación de trabajadores con su empleador. **Ud. debe leer toda la información a continuación.** Guarde esta hoja y todos los demás documentos para sus archivos. Es posible que usted reúna los requisitos para todos los beneficios, o parte de éstos, que se enumeran, dependiendo de la índole de su reclamo. Si se requiere, el administrador de reclamos, quien es responsable por el manejo de su reclamo, le notificará sobre su elegibilidad para beneficios.

Para presentar un reclamo, llene la sección del formulario designada para el "Empleado," guarde una copia, y déle el resto a su empleador. Entonces, su empleador completará la sección designada para el "Empleador," le dará a Ud. una copia fechada, guardará una copia, y enviará una al administrador de reclamos. Los beneficios no pueden comenzar hasta, que el administrador de reclamos se entere de la lesión, así que complete el formulario lo antes posible.

Atención Médica: Su administrador de reclamos pagará toda la atención médica razonable y necesaria, para su lesión o enfermedad relacionada con el trabajo. Es posible que los beneficios médicos incluyan el tratamiento por parte de un médico, los servicios de hospital, la terapia física, los análisis de laboratorio y las medicinas. Su administrador de reclamos pagará directamente los costos, de manera que usted nunca verá un cobro. Hay un límite para ciertos servicios médicos.

El Médico Primario que le Atiende-Primary Treating Physician PTP es el médico con la responsabilidad total para tratar su lesión o enfermedad. Generalmente, su empleador selecciona al PTP que Ud. verá durante los primeros 30 días. Sin embargo, en condiciones específicas, es posible que usted pueda ser tratado por su médico o grupo médico previamente designado. Si el doctor dice que usted aún necesita tratamiento después de 30 días, es posible que Ud. pueda cambiar al médico de su preferencia. Hay reglas diferentes que se aplican cuando su empleador usa una Organización de Cuidado Médico (HCO) o una Red de Proveedores Médicos (MPN). Una MPN es una red de proveedores de asistencia médica seleccionados para dar tratamiento a los trabajadores lesionados en el trabajo. Usted debe recibir información de su empleador si su tratamiento es cubierto por una HCO o una MPN. Hable con su empleador para más información. Si su empleador no ha colocado un cartel describiendo sus derechos para la compensación de trabajadores, Ud. puede seleccionar a su propio médico inmediatamente.

Dentro de un día después de que Ud. presente un formulario de reclamo, su empleador autorizará todo tratamiento médico de acuerdo con las pautas de tratamiento aplicables a la presunta lesión y será responsable por \$10,000 en tratamiento hasta que el reclamo sea aceptado o rechazado.

Divulgación de Expedientes Médicos: Después de que Ud. presente un reclamo para beneficios de compensación de trabajadores, sus expedientes médicos no tendrán el mismo nivel de privacidad que usted normalmente espera. Si Ud. no está de acuerdo en divulgar voluntariamente los expedientes médicos, un juez de compensación de trabajadores posiblemente decida qué expedientes se revelarán. Si Ud. solicita privacidad, es posible que el juez "selle" (mantenga privados) ciertos expedientes médicos.

Pago por Incapacidad Temporal (Sueldos Perdidos): Si Ud. no puede trabajar, mientras se está recuperando de una lesión o enfermedad relacionada con el trabajo, Ud. recibirá pagos por incapacidad temporal para la mayoría de las lesiones por un periodo limitado. Es posible que estos pagos cambien o paren, cuando su médico diga que Ud. está en condiciones de regresar a trabajar. Estos beneficios son libres de impuestos. Los pagos

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be temporary or may be extended depending on the nature of your injury or illness.

Payment for Permanent Disability: If a doctor says your injury or illness results in a permanent disability, you may receive additional payments. The amount will depend on the type of injury, your age, occupation, and date of injury.

Supplemental Job Displacement Benefit (SJDB): If you were injured after 1/1/04 and you have a permanent disability that prevents you from returning to work within 60 days after your temporary disability ends, and your employer does not offer modified or alternative work, you may qualify for a nontransferable voucher payable to a school for retraining and/or skill enhancement. If you qualify, the claims administrator will pay the costs up to the maximum set by state law based on your percentage of permanent disability.

Death Benefits: If the injury or illness causes death, payments may be made to relatives or household members who were financially dependent on the deceased worker.

It is illegal for your employer to punish or fire you for having a job injury or illness, for filing a claim, or testifying in another person's workers' compensation case (Labor Code 132a). If proven, you may receive lost wages, job reinstatement, increased benefits, and costs and expenses up to limits set by the state.

You have the right to disagree with decisions affecting your claim. If you have a disagreement, contact your claims administrator first to see if you can resolve it. If you are not receiving benefits, you may be able to get State Disability Insurance (SDI) benefits. Call State Employment Development Department at (800) 480-3287.

You can obtain free information from an information and assistance officer of the State Division of Workers' Compensation (DWC), or you can hear recorded information and a list of local offices by calling (800) 736-7401. You may also go to the DWC website at www.dwc.ca.gov.

You can consult with an attorney. Most attorneys offer one free consultation. If you decide to hire an attorney, his or her fee will be taken out of some of your benefits. For names of workers' compensation attorneys, call the State Bar of California at (415) 538-2120 or go to their web site at www.californiaspecialist.org.

por incapacidad temporal son dos tercios de su pago semanal promedio, con cantidades mínimas y máximas establecidas por las leyes estatales. Los pagos no se hacen durante los primeros tres días en que Ud. no trabaje, a menos que Ud. sea hospitalizado una noche o no pueda trabajar durante más de 14 días.

Regreso al Trabajo: Para ayudarle a regresar a trabajar lo antes posible, Ud. debe comunicarse de manera activa con el médico que le atiende, el administrador de reclamos y el empleador, con respecto a las clases de trabajo que Ud. puede hacer mientras se recupera. Es posible que ellos coordinen esfuerzos para regresarle a un trabajo modificado, o a otro trabajo, que sea apropiado desde el punto de vista médico. Este trabajo modificado u otro trabajo podría ser temporal o podría extenderse dependiendo de la índole de su lesión o enfermedad.

Pago por Incapacidad Permanente: Si el doctor dice que su lesión o enfermedad resulta en una incapacidad permanente, es posible que Ud. reciba pagos adicionales. La cantidad dependerá de la clase de lesión, su edad, su ocupación y la fecha de la lesión.

Beneficio Suplementario por Desplazamiento de Trabajo: Si Ud. Se lesionó después del 1/1/04 y tiene una incapacidad permanente que le impide regresar al trabajo dentro de 60 días después de que los pagos por incapacidad temporal terminen, y su empleador no ofrece un trabajo modificado o alternativo, es posible que usted reúna los requisitos para recibir un vale no-transferible pagadero a una escuela para recibir un nuevo entrenamiento y/o mejorar su habilidad. Si Ud. reúne los requisitos, el administrador de reclamos pagará los gastos hasta un máximo establecido por las leyes estatales basado en su porcentaje de incapacidad permanente.

Beneficios por Muerte: Si la lesión o enfermedad causa la muerte, es posible que los pagos se hagan a los parientes o a las personas que viven en el hogar y que dependían económicamente del trabajador difunto.

Es ilegal que su empleador le castigue o despidan, por sufrir una lesión o enfermedad en el trabajo, por presentar un reclamo o por testificar en el caso de compensación de trabajadores de otra persona. (El Código Laboral sección 132a.) De ser probado, usted puede recibir pagos por pérdida de sueldos, reposición del trabajo, aumento de beneficios y gastos hasta los límites establecidos por el estado.

Ud. tiene derecho a no estar de acuerdo con las decisiones que afecten su reclamo. Si Ud. tiene un desacuerdo, primero comuníquese con su administrador de reclamos para ver si usted puede resolverlo. Si usted no está recibiendo beneficios, es posible que Ud. pueda obtener beneficios del Seguro Estatal de Incapacidad (SDI). Llame al Departamento Estatal del Desarrollo del Empleo (EDD) al (800) 480-3287.

Ud. puede obtener información gratis, de un oficial de información y asistencia, de la División Estatal de Compensación de Trabajadores (*Division of Workers' Compensation - DWC*) o puede escuchar información grabada, así como una lista de oficinas locales llamando al (800) 736-7401. Ud. también puede consultar con la página Web de la DWC en www.dwc.ca.gov.

Ud. puede consultar con un abogado. La mayoría de los abogados ofrecen una consulta gratis. Si Ud. decide contratar a un abogado, los honorarios serán tomados de algunos de sus beneficios. Para obtener nombres de abogados de compensación de trabajadores, llame a la Asociación Estatal de Abogados de California (*State Bar*) al (415) 538-2120, ó consulte con la página Web en www.californiaspecialist.org.



WORKERS' COMPENSATION CLAIM FORM (DWC 1)

PETITION DEL EMPLEADO PARA DE COMPENSACIÓN DEL TRABAJADOR (DWC 1)

Employee: Complete the "Employee" section and give the form to your employer. Keep a copy and mark it "Employee's Temporary Receipt" until you receive the signed and dated copy from your employer. You may call the Division of Workers' Compensation and hear recorded information at (800) 736-7401. An explanation of workers' compensation benefits is included as the cover sheet of this form.

You should also have received a pamphlet from your employer describing workers' compensation benefits and the procedures to obtain them.

Any person who makes or causes to be made any knowingly false or fraudulent material statement or material representation for the purpose of obtaining or denying workers' compensation benefits or payments is guilty of a felony.

Empleado: Complete la sección "Empleado" y entregue la forma a su empleador. Quédese con la copia designada "Recibo Temporal del Empleado" hasta que Ud. reciba la copia firmada y fechada de su empleador. Ud. puede llamar a la División de Compensación al Trabajador al (800) 736-7401 para oír información gravada. En la hoja cubierta de esta forma esta la explicación de los beneficios de compensación al trabajador.

Ud. también debería haber recibido de su empleador un folleto describiendo los beneficios de compensación al trabajador lesionado y los procedimientos para obtenerlos.

Toda aquella persona que a propósito haga o cause que se produzca cualquier declaración o representación material falsa o fraudulenta con el fin de obtener o negar beneficios o pagos de compensación a trabajadores lesionados es culpable de un crimen mayor "felonia".

Employee—complete this section and see note above

Empleado—complete esta sección y note la notación arriba.

1. Name. *Nombre.* _____ Today's Date. *Fecha de Hoy.* _____
2. Home Address. *Dirección Residencial.* _____
3. City. *Ciudad.* _____ State. *Estado.* _____ Zip. *Código Postal.* _____
4. Date of Injury. *Fecha de la lesión (accidente).* _____ Time of Injury. *Hora en que ocurrió.* _____ a.m. _____ p.m.
5. Address and description of where injury happened. *Dirección/lugar dónde ocurrió el accidente.* _____

6. Describe injury and part of body affected. *Describe la lesión y parte del cuerpo afectada.* _____

7. Social Security Number. *Número de Seguro Social del Empleado.* _____
8. Signature of employee. *Firma del empleado.* _____

Employer—complete this section and see note below. Empleador—complete esta sección y note la notación abajo.

9. Name of employer. *Nombre del empleador.* _____
10. Address. *Dirección.* _____
11. Date employer first knew of injury. *Fecha en que el empleador supo por primera vez de la lesión o accidente.* _____
12. Date claim form was provided to employee. *Fecha en que se le entregó al empleado la petición.* _____
13. Date employer received claim form. *Fecha en que el empleado devolvió la petición al empleador.* _____
14. Name and address of insurance carrier or adjusting agency. *Nombre y dirección de la compañía de seguros o agencia administradora de seguros.* _____

15. Insurance Policy Number. *El número de la póliza de Seguro.* _____
16. Signature of employer representative. *Firma del representante del empleador.* _____
17. Title. *Título.* _____ 18. Telephone. *Teléfono.* _____

Employer: You are required to date this form and provide copies to your insurer or claims administrator and to the employee, dependent or representative who filed the claim within **one working day** of receipt of the form from the employee.

SIGNING THIS FORM IS NOT AN ADMISSION OF LIABILITY

Employer copy/Copia del Empleador Employee copy/ Copia del Empleado

Empleador: Se requiere que Ud. feche esta forma y que provéa copias a su compañía de seguros, administrador de reclamos, o dependiente/representante de reclamos y al empleado que hayan presentado esta petición dentro del plazo de **un día hábil** desde el momento de haber sido recibida la forma del empleado.

EL FIRMAR ESTA FORMA NO SIGNIFICA ADMISION DE RESPONSABILIDAD

Claims Administrator/Administrador de Reclamos Temporary Receipt/Recibo del Empleado